# **EPIDURAL ANESTHESIA**

	• Gather all necessary supplies: epidural kit, sterile gloves, mask, appropriate medications
	• Ensure patient is in optimal position for epidural insertion
	• Locate L3-L4 interspace using appropriate landmarks
1	• Using sterile technique, prepare epidural kit
	Prep and drape the patients back
	Inject local (1% Lido) creating a wheal at the skin
	• Insert Tuohy needle into wheal, advancing until engaged into the ligament
	Remove inner stylet and attach LOR glass syringe filled with air or saline
<b>9</b>	• Advance the Tuohy needle a few millimeters at a time, tapping on the plunger of the syringe each time until you get the loss of resistance
	• Remove the LOR syringe and count the marks on the needle to identify at what cm you lost resistance
	• Insert the epidural catheter to the desired length and remove the Tuohy needle
	• Pull back on the catheter to the desired marking at the skin after the Tuohy needle has been removed
0	• Attach connector and filter, aspirate to ensure there is no CSF
3	• Give the TEST DOSE: 1.5% Lidocaine with Epi (3mLs)
	• Secure the catheter to the patients back and up the shoulder

### **Continuous Infusion Medications**

Bupivacaine 0.0625-0.125 % @ 8-15 mL/hr

**Ropivacaine 0.15–0.2 %** @ 8 – 15 mL/hr

\*Opioids can be added to continuous infusions

# **Bolus Medications**

- **2-Chloroprocaine 2 3 %** Top Off / Analgesia: not commonly used Emergency / Anesthesia: 10 – 20 mL
- **Lidocaine 1.5 2 %** Top Off / Analgesia: 5 – 8 mL Emergency / Anesthesia: 10 – 20 mL
- **Bupivacaine 0.125 0.25 %** Top Off / Analgesia: 5 – 8 mL
- **Ropivacaine 0.2 %** Top Off / Analgesia: 5 – 8 mL

### Things to Remember

- Patient's PMH
- Coagulation studies
- Anticoagulants / Medications
- IV hydration
- Absolute vs. Relative Contraindications
- Positioning, stay midline
- VOLUME dictates spread of LA
- Test dose!!!

# **Possible Complications**

- Post Dural Puncture Headache (PDPH)
- Patchy Block  $\rightarrow$  Subdural placement
- Intrathecal vs. Intravascular injection
- Epidural hematoma

# SPINAL ANESTHESIA



# **Single-Shot Spinal Medications**

#### Bupivacaine

- 0.5 % (isobaric), 1.5 3 mLs
- $\circ$  0.75 % (hyperbaric), 1 2 mLs

\*Opioids can be added as adjuncts to intrathecal Local Anesthetics

\*Any medication administered into the intrathecal space must be **PRESERVATIVE FREE** 

Other medications such as Lidocaine and Tetracaine are less commonly used

#### **Things to Remember**

- PMH  $\rightarrow$  Aortic Stenosis?
- Coagulation studies / Anticoagulation
- Relative vs. Absolute Contraindications
- IV hydration pre-procedure
- ◆ Sympathectomy → have **vasopressors**
- **Dosage + Baricity** = spread of LA
- Position patient immediately after administration

### **Possible Complications**

- Severe hypotension
- Nausea & vomiting
- Total Spinal